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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/501,108	07/08/2004	Matthias Koenig	CM00681M	1708
22917	7590 07/14/2006		EXAMINER NGUYEN, TUAN HOANG	
MOTOROL	A, INC. LGONQUIN ROAD			
IL01/3RD	LUUNQUIN KUAD	ART UNIT	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	RG, IL 60196		2618	
			DATE MAILED: 07/14/200	6

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

-		Applicat	ion No.	Applicant(s)			
	055 4-4 0	10/501,1	10/501,108 KOENIG, MATTHIAS		HIAS		
	Office Action Summary		Pr	Art Unit			
		Tuan H.		2618			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communic or Reply	cation appears on th	e cover sheet	with the correspondence a	ddress		
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failt Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FO CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MA Insions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this community operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum stature to reply within the set or extended period for reply we reply received by the Office later than three months afficed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	AILING DATE OF T of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no e unication. utory period will apply and will, by statute, cause the ap	HIS COMMUN vent, however, may will expire SIX (6) Mo oplication to become	NICATION. a reply be timely filed DNTHS from the mailing date of this ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	, ,		
Status							
1)[[]	Responsive to communication(s) filed	d on 28 April 2006.					
	•	b)⊠ This action is	non-final				
3)	Since this application is in condition for	•		atters, prosecution as to th	ne merits is		
-,	closed in accordance with the practic	•		• •			
Disposit	ion of Claims	·	•	·			
4) 又	☐ Claim(s) <u>3-17</u> is/are pending in the application.						
قبية (١٠	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)□	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
· · ·	Claim(s) <u>3-17</u> is/are rejected.						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Claim(s) <u>8</u> is/are objected to.						
8)[Claim(s) are subject to restrict	ion and/or election	requirement.				
Applicat	ion Papers						
	The specification is objected to by the	Examiner					
•	The drawing(s) filed on is/are:		o)☐ objected to	o by the Examiner.			
,	Applicant may not request that any object		-	-			
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	• • •	•		CFR 1.121(d).		
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to	by the Examiner. N	lote the attach	ed Office Action or form P	PTO-152.		
Priority :	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for All b) Some * c) None of:			§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
	 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 						
	2. Certified copies of the priority of3. Copies of the certified copies of			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ıl Stane		
	application from the Internation	• •		in received in this realiona	otage		
* (See the attached detailed Office action	,	. ,,	ot received.			
Attachmer	nt(s)						
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)			v Summary (PTO-413)			
	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or F			o(s)/Mail Date f Informal Patent Application (P1	ГО-152)		
	er No(s)/Mail Date	10/00/00/	6) Other: _		- ·,		

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DETAILED ACTION

Response To Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments, see applicant's remarks, filed on 04/28/2006, with respect to the rejection(s) of claims 3-17 under 35 U.S.C § 103(a) have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Dent (US PAT. 5,903,835) and Cummins et al. (US PAT. 4,887,299 hereinafter, "Cummins").

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 3-7, 11-13 and 16-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dent (US PAT. 5,903,835) in view of Cummins et al. (US PAT. 4,887,299 hereinafter, "Cummins").

Consider claims 5 and 16, Dent teaches a wireless communication unit incorporating a receiver, the receiver comprising: radio frequency circuitry for receiving

a radio frequency signal and converting radio frequency signal to a low frequency signal (see fig. 1, col. 3 lines 35-40); a signal level adjustment circuit for receiving low frequency signal (see fig. 1, col. 3 lines 40-44); an analogue to digital converter, operably coupled to signal level adjustment circuit for receiving an adjusted low frequency signal and providing a digital received signal (see fig. 1, col. 3 lines 35-63); and a signal processor operably coupled to the analogue to digital converter for processing digital received signal (see fig. 1, col. 3 lines 52-63).

Dent does not explicitly show that signal level adjustment circuit comprises a low frequency amplifier whose gain is arranged to be dependent upon a clip point of analogue to digital converter, a dynamic compressor function, operably coupled to low frequency amplifier for limiting a signal output from low frequency amplifier, and a fixed attenuator operably coupled to dynamic compressor function to attenuate a received signal output from dynamic compressor function to below a clip point threshold of analogue to digital converter.

In the same field of endeavor, Cummins teaches signal level adjustment circuit comprises a low frequency amplifier whose gain is arranged to be dependent upon a clip point of analogue to digital converter (col. 4 line 61 through col. 5 line 31), a dynamic compressor function, operably coupled to low frequency amplifier for limiting a signal output from low frequency amplifier (col. 4 line 61 through col. 5 line 31), and a fixed attenuator operably coupled to dynamic compressor function to attenuate a received signal output from dynamic compressor function to below a clip point threshold (e.g. 6dB) of analogue to digital converter (col. 12 line 51 through col. 13 line 10).

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use, signal level adjustment circuit comprises a low frequency amplifier whose gain is arranged to be dependent upon a clip point of analogue to digital converter, a dynamic compressor function, operably coupled to low frequency amplifier for limiting a signal output from low frequency amplifier, and a fixed attenuator operably coupled to dynamic compressor function to attenuate a received signal output from dynamic compressor function to below a clip point threshold of analogue to digital converter, as taught by Cummins, in order to provide digital signal processing system which is both programmable to fit the hearing deficit of a particular user and adaptive to the sound environment to maximize the intelligibility and quality of the audio signal provided to the user.

Consider claim 3, Cummins further teaches the gain of low frequency amplifier is arranged to be dependent upon a clip point of dynamic compressor function (col. 5 lines 14-31).

Consider claim 4, Cummins further teaches the gain of low frequency amplifier is arranged to be dependent upon the clip point (e.g. 6dB) of dynamic compressor function subtracted by the clip point of analogue to digital converter (col. 12 line 51 through col. 13 line 10).

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Consider claim 6, Cummins further teaches fixed attenuator is arranged to be dependent upon a clip point (e.g. 6dB) of analogue to digital converter (col. 12 line 51 through col. 13 line 10).

Consider claims 7 and 17, Cummins further teaches fixed attenuator is arranged to be dependent upon a clip point (e.g. 6dB) of dynamic compressor function (col. 12 line 51 through col. 13 line 10).

Consider claim 8, Cummins further teaches fixed attenuator is arranged to be dependent upon the clip point of said dynamic compressor function subtracted by the clip point of said analogue to digital converter (col. 12 line 51 through col. 13 line 10).

Consider claim 11, Dent further teaches signal level adjustment circuit negates a need for an automatic gain control circuit (col. 3 lines 35-50).

Consider claim 12, Dent further teaches the wireless communication unit is a subscriber unit or a base transceiver station operating in a wireless communication system (col. 4 line 53 through col. 5 line 6).

Consider claim 13, Dent further teaches the subscriber unit is one of a portable or mobile PMR radio, a mobile phone, a personal digital assistant, a wireless capable laptop computer (col. 4 line 53 through col. 5 line 6).

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4. Claims 9-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dent (US PAT. 5,903,835) in view of Cummins et al. (US PAT. 4,887,299 hereinafter, "Cummins") as applied to claim 5 above, and further in view of Bazarjani et al. (U.S PAT. 6,005,506 hereinafter, "Bazarjani").

Consider claims 9, Dent and Cummins, in combination, fails to teaches low frequency components are at an intermediate or baseband frequency. However, Bazarjani teaches low frequency components are at an intermediate or baseband frequency (col. 2 lines 24-30). Therefore, it is obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the disclosing of Bazarjani into view of Dent and Cummins, in order to improve efficiency and the ability to detect and correct transmission errors.

Consider claim 10, Bazarjani further teaches receiver has a high dynamic range, for example in excess of 100 dB (col. 3 lines 51-61).

5. Claims 14-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dent (US PAT. 5,903,835) in view of Cummins et al. (US PAT. 4,887,299 hereinafter, "Cummins") as applied to claim 5 above, and further in view of Ostman et al. (U.S PAT. 6,069,923 hereinafter, "Ostman").

specifications.

Consider claims 14, Dent and Cummins, in combination, fails to teaches the received signal is a digitally modulated signal. However, Ostman teaches the received signal is a digitally modulated signal (col. 8 lines 33-34). Therefore, it is obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the disclosing of Ostman into view of Dent and Cummins, in order to process a signal in connection with its reception, when the signal conforms to one or more system

Consider claim 15, Ostman further teaches the receiver is a linear receiver for receiving said digitally modulated signal (col. 7 lines 6-17).

Conclusion

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Art Unit: 2618

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tuan H. Nguyen whose telephone number is (571) 272-8329. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00Am - 5:00Pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Maung Nay A. can be reached on (571) 272-7882. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Information Consider the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Tuan Nguyen Examiner Art Unit 2618

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